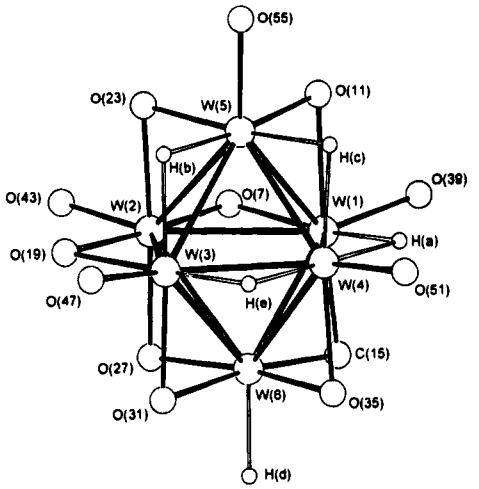
Additions and Corrections

$W_6(H)_5(O\text{-}i\text{-}Pr)_{12}$. A Polynuclear Polyhydride Supported Exclusively by Alkoxide Ligands [*J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1992**, *114*, 3571−3573]. MALCOLM H. CHISHOLM,* KEITH S. KRAMER, AND WILLIAM E. STREIB

Page 3571: The title compound and indeed the title are incorrect. The compound is $W_6(H)_5(O\text{-}i\text{-}Pr)_{12}(C\text{-}i\text{-}Pr)$ having the structure depicted below. Unequivocal evidence for the μ-C-*i*-Pr ligand comes from the product $W_6(H)_5(O\text{-}i\text{-}Pr\text{-}d_7)_{12}(C\text{-}i\text{-}$



Pr) formed in the reaction between $W_2(i\text{-}Bu)_2(O\text{-}i\text{-}Pr\text{-}d_7)_4$ and H_2 in hydrocarbon solvents. NMR data for the μ-C-*i*-Pr ligand obtained on a Brucker AM500 at 22 °C in benzene-d_6: (i) $^{13}C\{^1H\}$ δ 412.5 (*C*-*i*-Pr), δ 52.3 (C-*i*-*C*HMe$_2$), δ 35.7 and 32.3 (C-*i*-CH*Me*$_2$); (ii) ^1H δ 7.07 (septet, J_{HH} = 6.0 Hz, C-*i*-C*H*Me$_2$), δ 1.72 and 1.45 (doublets, J_{HH} = 6.0 Hz). From the NMR data it is evident that the μ-C-*i*-Pr ligand is not delocalized over the μ-X sites of the $M_6(\mu\text{-}X)_{12}X_6$ cluster but rather is unique as depicted by C(15) in the drawing above. The refinement of the atom, formerly assigned O(15) in the incorrectly formulated compound $W_6(H)_5(O\text{-}i\text{-}Pr)_{13}$, had a $10B_{iso}$ value of 52 which was more than twice as big as any other μ-oxygen atom. Upon refinement as a carbon atom, C(15) in the drawing above, the $10B_{iso}$ was reduced to 16.

JA955010S

Novel Poly(3-alkylthiophene) and Poly(3-alkylthienyl ketone) Syntheses via Organomercurials. [*J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1995**, *117*, 3387−3888]. MARK D. MCCLAIN, DOUGLAS A. WHITTINGTON, DEANNA J. MITCHELL, AND M. DAVID CURTIS*

The column headings of M_w and M_n in eqs 2 and 3 and beneath the structure labeled **5a−c** should be interchanged, and the label **5a−c** should read **5a−e**.

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